

Name _____ Student Number _____

All solutions are to be presented on the paper in the space provided.
The quiz is closed book, no calculators.

(1) Evaluate the following:

(a) $\cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

(b) $\tan \frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3}$

(c) $\csc \frac{\pi}{6} = 2$

(d) $\sin \pi = 0$

(e) $\cos \pi = -1$

(f) $\tan \frac{11\pi}{4} = -1$

(g) $\sec \left(-\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = 0$

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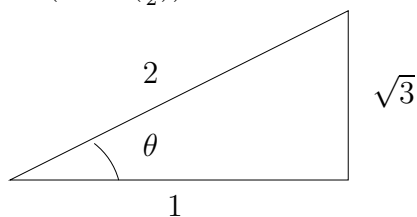
(h) $\sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\pi}{4}$

(i) $f^{-1}(3)$ where $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 &= \frac{1}{x-1}, \\ 3(x-1) &= 1, \\ 3x &= 4, \\ x &= \frac{4}{3} \end{aligned}$$

So $f^{-1}(3) = \frac{4}{3}$.

(j) $\sin(\cos^{-1}(\frac{1}{2}))$



$$\sin \theta = \sin \left(\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

(2) Find the regions where $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 15$ is positive.

$$x^2 + 2x - 15 > 0,$$

$$(x+5)(x-3) > 0,$$

	$x < -5$	$-5 < x < 3$	$x > 3$
$x+5$	-	+	+
$x-3$	-	-	+
$(x+5)(x-3)$	-	-	+

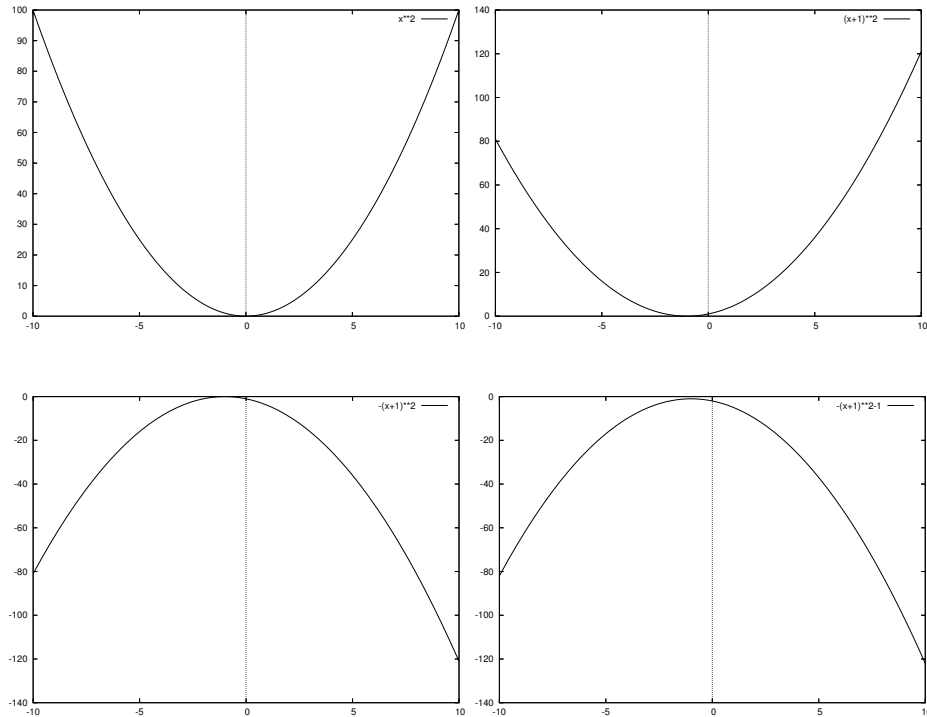
so, $x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup (3, \infty)$.

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(3) Solve the equation $x^3 = x$.

$$\begin{aligned} x^3 - x &= 0 \\ x(x^2 - 1) &= 0 \\ x &= 0, \pm 1 \end{aligned}$$

(4) Draw the graph of $f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 - 1$.



Over→

(5) Solve the following equations and inequalities:

(a) $e^{2x} - e^{-x-1} = 0$

$$e^{2x} = e^{-x-1},$$

$$2x = -x - 1,$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}.$$

(b) $\log_5 x^2 + \log_5 4 = 2$

$$\log_5(4x^2) = 2,$$

$$4x^2 = 5^2,$$

$$x^2 = \frac{25}{4},$$

$$x = \pm \frac{5}{2}.$$

(c) $e^{|x|} > 2$

$$|x| > \ln 2,$$

$$x > \ln 2, \text{ or } x < -\ln 2.$$

Over \rightarrow

(d) $\ln|x^3 - 1| = 4$

$$\begin{aligned}|x^3 - 1| &= e^4, \\ x^3 - 1 &= e^4 \text{ or } x^3 - 1 = -e^4, \\ x &= \sqrt[3]{e^4 + 1} \text{ or } x = \sqrt[3]{-e^4 + 1}.\end{aligned}$$

(6) Find the domains of the following functions:

(a) $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-1}$

$$x \in (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty).$$

(b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{x+1}$

$$x \in (0, \infty)$$

(c) $f(x) = \log_7(x^2 - 2x)$

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 - 2x &> 0, \\ x(x - 2) &> 0.\end{aligned}$$

	$x < 0$	$0 < x < 2$	$2 < x$
x	−	+	+
$x - 2$	−	−	+
$x(x - 2)$	+	−	+

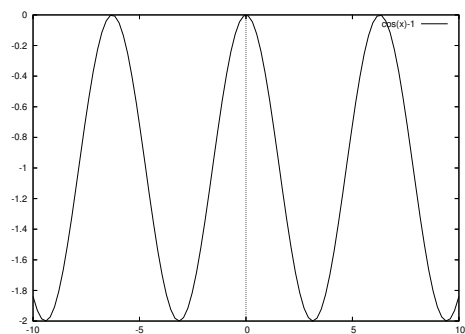
So $x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (2, \infty)$.

(d) $f(x) = e^{x^{-1}}$

$$x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$$

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(7) Draw the graph of $f(x) = -1 + \cos x$



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